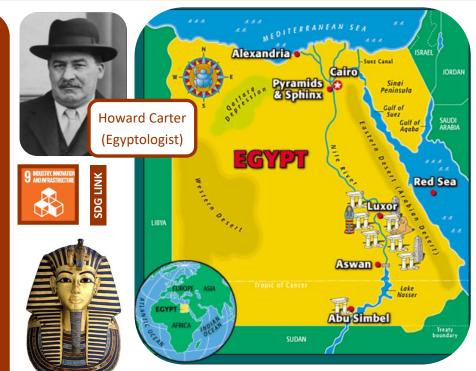
## Year 3 - History - What were the similarities and difference between the Egyptian civilisation and Britain?



## **Glossary:**

- Ancient: the very distant past.
- **Civilisation:** the level of development at which people live together peacefully in communities.
- **Tomb:** a large vault, typically underground, used for burying the dead.
- **Egyptologist:** the study of Egypt through artefacts and records.
- Pharaoh: an Ancient Egyptian ruler.
- **Monument:** a statue, building or structure to commemorate a person or event.
- Pyramid: a monumental structure with a square or triangular base and sloping sides that meet in a point at the top, especially one built of stone as a royal tomb in ancient Egypt.
- Shabti: an Egyptian figurine placed in tombs.
- Tutankhamun: an Egyptian Pharaoh.
- Hierarchy: a system in which members of society are ranked according to their status.
- **Scribe**: a person who copies or writes out documents.
- **Hieroglyphics:** symbols and images which have a meaning or sound assigned to them.
- **Papyrus:** a material made from reeds used for writing on.
- Irrigation: the supply of water to land to help with the growth of crops through channels.
- **Shaduf:** a hand-operated device for lifting water.



## **Sticky Knowledge:**

- To know when and where the Ancient Egyptian civilisation was.
- To know the role the Nile played in helping the civilisation grow.
- To know how innovations helped shape Egyptian civilisation.
- To know the culture and beliefs of Ancient Egypt.
- To know that Ancient Egypt fell to the Roman Empire.
- To know why Howard Carter's discovery was significant.







MAJOR EVENTS IN THE HISTORY OF ANCIENT EGYPT





